



July 13, 2021

Agenda

- *Why Pre-Test Probability Matters*
- Case Discussions
- Open Discussion

		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+		
	-		



		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	True Positive	
	-		



		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	True Positive	
	-		True Negative



		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	True Positive	
	-	False Negative	True Negative



		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	True Positive	False Positive
	-	False Negative	True Negative



		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	A	C
	-	B	D



Sensitivity

Probability that a test will be
POSITIVE if the patient is truly
POSITIVE

True positives/All real positives
or

$$A/A+B$$

		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	A	C
	-	B	D



Specificity

Probability that a test will be
NEGATIVE if the patient is truly
NEGATIVE

True Negatives/All real Negatives
Or

$D/D+C$

		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	A	C
	-	B	D



Positive Predictive Value

Probability that a patient with
a POSITIVE test is truly
POSITIVE

$$A/A+C$$

		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	A	C
	-	B	D



Negative Predictive Value

Probability that a patient with
a NEGATIVE test is truly
NEGATIVE

$$D/D+B$$

		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	A	C
	-	B	D



But what's that about pre-test

- Sensitivity and Specificity are all about the test characteristics
- But PPV and NPV depend on the test characteristics and the population prevalence!



An Example

POSITIVE PREGNANCY TEST in a cisgender MAN

Cisgender man presents to the ED with abdominal pain and the ED abdominal pain order-set is initiated. The patient's pregnancy test comes back POSITIVE. How do I interpret this?

Population prevalence: 0%

The test must be a FALSE POSITIVE

		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	0	X
	-		

An (COVID) Example

Probability that a patient with a POSITIVE test is truly POSITIVE

Prevalence: 15%

$$PPV = A/A+C = 144/(144+3)$$

$$PPV = 98\%$$

		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	144	3
	-	6	847



An (COVID) Example

SARS-CoV-2 Test

Sensitivity 96%

Specificity 99.6%

1000 people tested

Population prevalence: 3%

		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	29	4
	-	1	966

$$\text{PPV} = A/A+C = 29/(29+4)$$

$$\text{PPV} = 88\%$$



FINAL EXAM

PPV of 88% (Sens 96%, Spec 99.6%, Prevalence 3%)

You do 1 million tests and 32,680 come back positive.
How many of those were false positives?

		TRUTH	
		+	-
TEST	+	A	C
	-		

32,680

$$0.88 = A / 32,680$$

$$A = 28,758$$

$$C = 3,922$$

~4K False Positives

$$PPV = A / A + C$$



Take Aways

- All this to say, no test is perfect
- Population prevalence matters
- The lower pre-test probability, the more FALSE POSITIVES you will see
- This is a big problem for SARS-CoV-2 testing, especially asymptomatic
- This is a HUGE simplification - there are several other factors that influence pre-test probability too (symptoms, risk factors, etc.)

