

October 26, 2021

Agenda

- COVID vaccination
- Case: Diagnosis and Treatment of CAP

Timeline since Last Tuesday

- FDA met, Wed 10/20
 - Moderna Booster 6 months after the primary series
 - > Janssen booster 2 months after single dose in all recipients
 - Use of each available COVID-19 vaccine as a heterologous booster dose
- ACIP met, Thu 10/21
- Pfizer pediatric data released, Fri 10/22
- Vaccine Advisory committee to discuss pediatric data, Tue 10/26

Link to watch: https://youtu.be/laaL0_xKmmA



How COVID-19 Vaccine Boosters Compare

HS Covid 10 Reactor Eligibility

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Initial Vaccine Series	Age	Months Since Full Vaccination	Other Eligibility Factor
Janssen J Johnson-Johnson	18+	2+	N/A
or moderna	65+	6+	N/A
	10.1	6.1	Underlying health conditions with risk of severe Covid-19
	18+	6+	Frequent institutional or occupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2

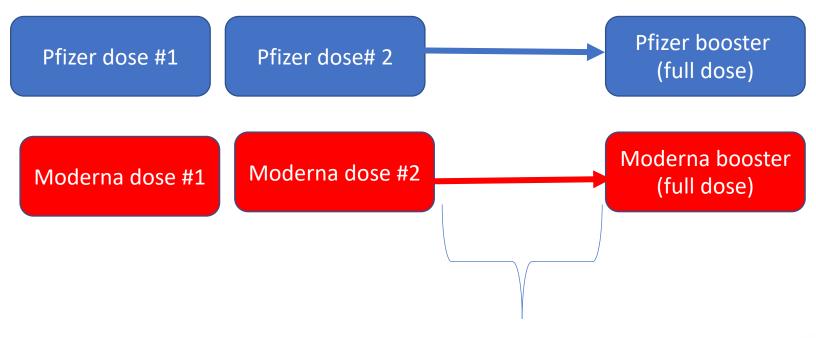
¹ Reference: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/booster-shot.html



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Booster is different than Additional dose

Additional dose: 8/12/21 Use of a third dose of a three-dose primary series in certain immunocompromised individuals 12 years of age and older





Pfizer Booster

- ≥ 65 years
- 18-64 years +
 High risk of severe COVID-19
- 18-64 years +
 Frequent institutional or occupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2 clarified given prior mixed messaging from ACIP

Dose: Full Dose

Dose Timeline: ≥ 6 months after completing primary series



Moderna Booster

- ≥ 65 years
- 18-64 years + High risk of severe COVID-19
- 18-64 years + Frequent institutional or occupational exposure to SARS-CoV-2

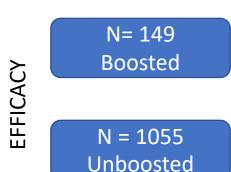
Dose: HALF Dose (50mcg)

Dose Timeline: ≥ 6 months after completing primary series

"Dose-sparing strategies...reduce overall exposure to antigen but can make additional doses available for distribution worldwide"



Moderna Booster Data



Antibody Response

-15.1 (95% CI 13.4, 16.9) fold increase in GMT

-19 (95% CI: 16.7, 21.6) fold increase in antibody titers observed vs. Delta from pre-booster levels

SAFET

N = 171 Boosted Followed x6 months

US Food and Drug Administration. Coronavirus (COVID-19) Update. <a href="https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/coronavirus-covid-19-update-fda-takes-additional-actions-use-booster-dose-covid-19-upda-takes-booster-dose-covid-19-upda-takes-additional-actional-actional-actional-actional-actional-ac

<u>vaccines</u>. Oct 20, 2021

Common ADRs:

- -Pain at injection site
- -Tiredness
- -Headache
- -Muscle and/or joint pain
- -Chills
- -Swollen lymph nodes in injection arm

(Note: more frequent following booster than after the primary dose series)

mRNA Booster Data: Myocarditis

The 3rd doses of the vaccine given several months after the initial 2 [doses] did not appear to be associated with any greater incidence of myocarditis than the second dose. In fact the profile of myocarditis/pericarditis was much more like the first dose.... It may be that the additional time between doses helped reduce risk of myocarditis.

-Peter Marks, MD, PhD Director, FDA Center of Biologics, Evaluation, and Research

FDA Media Call: COVID-19 Vaccine Booster Doses. Oct 20, 2021. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rou7tf4vaUU



Janssen Booster

≥ 18 years

 (i.e. everyone who initially received a single-dose Janssen vaccine)

Dose: Full Dose

Dose Timeline: ≥ 2 months after completing primary series



Janssen Booster Data

	Ad26 5e10 vp Double-Blind	Placebo Double-Blind		
Analysis set: Safety Subset	3016	3052		
Post-booster	1559	1425		
Subjects with 1 or more Local AEs				
Any	896 (57.5%)	252 (17.7%)		
Grade 3	10 (0.6%)	3 (0.2%)		
Vaccination Site Erythema				
Any	128 (8.2%)	56 (3.9%)		
Grade 3	7 (0.4%)	2 (0.1%)		
Vaccination Site Pain				
Any	877 (56.3%)	225 (15.8%)		
Grade 3	3 (0.2%)	1 (0.1%)		
Vaccination Site Swelling				
Any	88 (5.6%)	18 (1.3%)		
Grade 3	2 (0.1%)	0		

Systemically: Fatigue, headache, and myalgia were observed in 35-41% of subjects after a booster dose (39-45% experienced these ADRs after the 1st dose)

Side note in placebo booster: Fatigue (21%), Headache (19%, and Myalgia (13%)



14SEP2021, 23:41

Janssen Safety Data

33.5 million doses administered worldwide since FDA EUA <14.5 million in the US>

Safety data thru 24 Aug 2021

Thrombosis with Thrombocytopenia Syndrome

Reported frequency: 5-6 per million doses

Median time to onset: 12 days

Guillain-Barre Syndrome Reported frequency: 0.21 per million doses

Median time to onset: 1 day

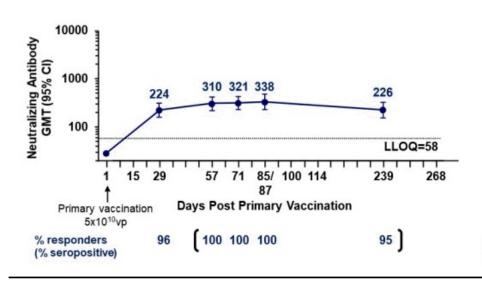


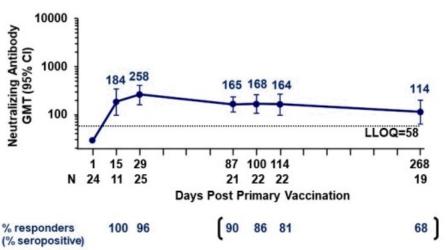
Janssen Humoral Immune Response over Time (single dose)

Figure 6: Humoral Immune Responses Over Time Following a Single Dose of Ad26.COV2.S (StudyCOV1001)

wtVNA: Durability up to 8 months – Day 239 (Cohort 1a: 18-55 yrs)

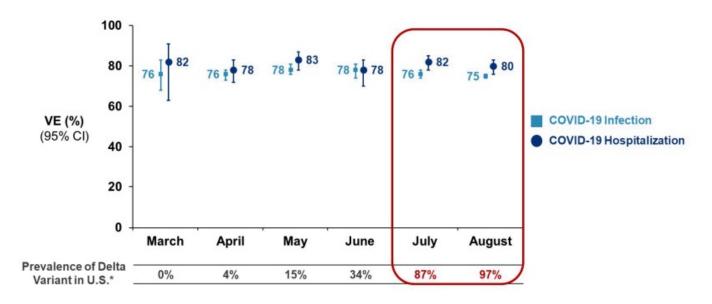
wtVNA: Durability up to 9 months – Day 268 (Cohort 3: ≥ 65 yrs)





Janssen Vaccine Effectiveness (single dose)

Figure 7: Month-Over-Month Vaccine Effectiveness (March 2021 – August 2021) - RWD



* Nextstrain 2021



Janssen Vaccine Effectiveness (single dose vs two doses)

Figure 21: VE Against Symptomatic COVID-19: Single Dose (COV3001) vs Booster Dose 2 Months After First Dose (COV3009)

Country	Post-dose	_ Analysis⁺ and Day	Symptomatic COVID-19 Ad26.COV2.S vs Placebo	VE % (95%CI)	
All	3001: Post-dose 1	Final Analysis: Day > 28	+0+	52.9% (47.1, 58.1)	
	3009: Post-booster	Day > 71		75.2% (54.6, 87.3)	
United States	3001: Post-dose 1	Final Analysis: Day > 28		69.7% (60.7, 76.9)	
	3009: Post-booster	Day > 71		93.7% (58.5, 99.9)	
		() 50 100 VE% (95% CI))	

^{*}COV3001 primary analysis cut-off data: January 2021; COV3001 final analysis cut-off data: July 2021 (of note: in this analysis, the last available onset primary endpoint for US was in April 2021); COV3009 primary analysis cut-off data: June 2021.



Janssen Booster Data

Neutralizing antibodies against SARS-CoV-2 variants of concern, ie, Alpha (B.1.1.7, VUI2020 12/01, Kent), Beta (B.1.351, 20H/501Y.V2, RSA) and Delta (B.1.617.2) after 1 dose of Ad26.COV2.S at the of 5×1010 vp level, were measured in selected samples from participants aged 18-55. Immune sera from obtained 28 days after a single dose of Ad26.COV2.S showed lower neutralizing activity against the Alpha, Beta and Delta variants, respectively, compared to the original strain. Specifically for the Delta variant, neutralization at Day 29 was more than 37-fold lower than neutralization of the original strain.



Heterologous Boosting

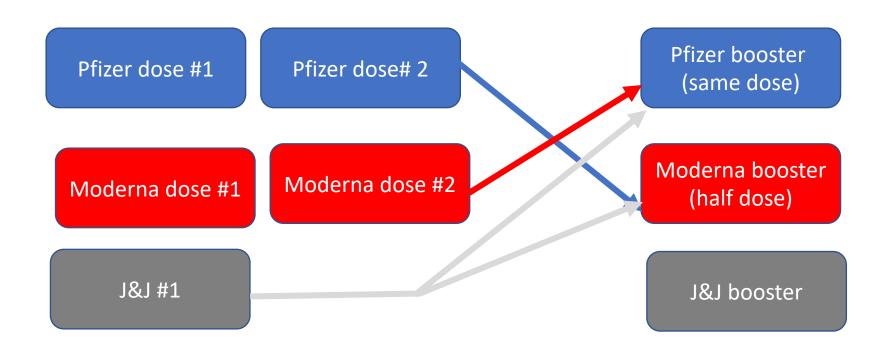
A single booster dose of any of the available COVID-19 vaccines may be administered as a heterologous booster dose following completion of primary vaccination with a different available COVID-19 vaccine.

Eligible population(s) and dosing interval for a heterologous booster dose are the same as those authorized for a booster dose of the vaccine used for primary vaccination.



Heterologous Boosting

Received FDA & ACIP approval



How COVID-19 Vaccine Boosters Compare

How do Covid-19 vaccine boosters compare?1

Initial Vaccine Administered	Plizer		moderna ⁻			Janssen J gohmon-gohmon			
Initial Dose Regime	2			2					
Booster Shot Type	moderna ⁻	Pfizer	Janssen J	Pfizer	moderna	Janssen J	moderna	Pfizer	Janssen J Johnson-Johnson
Binding & Neutralizing Antibody Assays (Geometric mean fold rise)	17.3 x	14.9 x	6.2 x	9.7 x	7.9 x	4.7 x	56.1 x	32.8 x	4.6 x
Rank	1st	2 nd	3 rd	† st	2 nd	3rd	1 st	2 nd	3rd

*Reference: *Heterologous SARS-CoV-2 Booster Vaccinations - Preliminary Report* (SARS-CoV-2 Vaccine Booster Trial), Table 2, SARS-CoV-2 IgG Binding and Neutralizing Antibody Assays, Geometric mean fold ric

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